(DPRs) very late. The progress in these States will be seen in due course. Regular meetings are being taken by Ministry of Power and Rural Electrification Corporation to **sort** out problems and issues in the implementation of the scheme.

Gap between demand and supply of power

† 1436. SHRIRAM SHANKAR PRASAD:
SHRI RAM JETHMALANI:

Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that gap between supply and requirement of power in the country has been increasing continuously during the past years;

(b) if so, the gap during 2004-05 and 2007-08; and

(c) the likely gap during 2012-13?

THE MINISTER OF POWER (SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SHINDE): (a) and (b) Yes Sir, the gap between demand and supply of power in the country has been increasing continuously during the past years. The details of year-wise power supply position in the country from 2004-05 to 2007-08 (upto October, 2007) are given as under:

Year	Energy				Peak			
	Require-ment (MU)	Availa-bility (MU)	Shortage (MU)	%	Demand (MW)	Met (MW)	Shortage (MW)	%
2004-05	591,373	548,115	43,258	7.3	87,906	77,652	10,254	11.7
2005-06	631,554	578,819	52,735	8.4	93,255	81,792	11,463	123
2006-07	690,587	624,495	66,092	9.6	100,715	86,818	13,897	13.8
2007-08*	419,893	389,188	30,705	7.3	108,972	92,976	15,935	14.6

•upto Oct. 2007

(c) With the proposed capacity addition of 78,577 MW during the **11th Plan, the** demand of power of the country is likely to be fully met by the terminal year of **the** llth Plan (2011-12).

Coverage under RGGVY

† 1437. SHRI RAVI SHANKAR PRASAD:
DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that electricity is targeted to be supplied to household in around 5,80,000 villages in the country under Rajiv Gandhi Grameen Vidyutikaran Yojana;

(b) if so, the percentage of such rural families in each State in the country, to which electricity had been supplied till March, 2007;

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi

(c) the target with regard to the number of families in each State which would be supplied electricity under this scheme during 2007-08; and

(d) the funds allocated in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF POWER (SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SHINDE): (a) Raj iv Gandhi Grameen Vidyutikaran Yojana (RGGVY) envisages providing access of electricity to all the rural households of the country.

(b) The implementing states have reported release of 7,31,527 rural household connections under RGGVY since the introduction of the scheme in April, 2005 till March, 2007. State-wise details of rural households electrification under RGGVY till March, 2007 given in Statement *(See* below).

(c) The households electrification is a continuous process depending on the demand from the consumers. Under the scheme, access to electricity is provided to all the rural households through creation of rural electricity infrastructure.

(d) For 2007-08, budget allocation for RGGVY is Rs. 3983 crore.

Statement

State-wise Achievements of Households electrification under Rajiv Gandhi Grameen Vidyutikaran Yojana during 2005-06 & 2006-07 uptill 31.3.2007

SL No.	State	Total households covered including BPL	Of which BPL
1	Bihar	11055	3211
2	Karnataka	158851	119315
3	Rajasthan	11019	9236
4	Uttar Pradesh	256033	255688
5	Uttaranchal	22947	21539
6	West Bengal	34595	26572
7	Gujarat	10373	10373
8	Andhra Pradesh	226654	226654
	TOTAL	731527	672588

Gas based power plants

† 1438. SHRI JAI PARKASH AGGARWAL: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) the performance of the gas run power plants of the country;

(b) the estimated requirement of gas for operating the gas based power plants of NTPC; and

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi